



HISTORY ROUTE 1 HIGHER LEVEL AND STANDARD LEVEL PAPER 2

Wednesday 8 May 2013 (afternoon)

1 hour 30 minutes



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer two questions, each chosen from a different Topic. Each question is worth [20 marks].
- Questions in this paper must be answered with reference to events and developments in medieval Europe and the Islamic world.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [40 marks].

Topic 1 Dynasties and rulers

- 1. With reference to one medieval ruler, identify the problems rulers encountered in establishing their rule and assess how successfully they overcame these problems.
- 2. Analyse the reasons for the long-term decline of the Abbasid dynasty.
- 3. Analyse the methods by which the Capetian kings increased their authority during the twelfth century.
- 4. Identify the problems that the Umayyads faced when they came to power, and assess how successful they were in overcoming them by 680.
- **5.** Analyse the political effects of the Arab-Muslims' expansion on the regions they conquered between 632 and 750.
- **6.** "Charlemagne's ability to rule effectively was a result of his military power." To what extent do you agree with this statement?

Topic 2 Society and economy

- 7. Analyse the contribution of slaves and peasants to the economy of **either** medieval Europe **or** the Islamic world.
- **8.** To what extent was Islamic society organized on the basis of tribes and kin groups?
- **9.** How important were urban areas to the formation of society in **either** the Islamic world **or** medieval Europe?
- 10. Analyse the roles that concubines played in wealthy households and palaces of the Islamic world.
- 11. "The economy of medieval Europe would not have been successful without the contributions of women." Discuss.
- 12. Assess the contributions of religious communities (monks, friars, nuns) to medieval life.

Topic 3 Wars and warfare

- **13.** Compare and contrast the political and economic impact in England and France of the Hundred Years War (1337–1396).
- **14.** Assess the main advantages and disadvantages of employing "professional" soldiers and/or mercenaries in **either** the medieval European **or** Muslim armies.
- 15. "The most important cause of wars was competition for land and natural resources." With reference to **either** the Islamic world **or** medieval Europe, to what extent do you agree with this statement?
- **16.** "The principal motives for those joining the First Crusade were not religious." Discuss.
- 17. Why did the Muslim regimes fail to produce effective opposition to the First Crusade?
- **18.** Analyse the role and importance of **two** of the following in medieval warfare: castles; cavalry; infantry.

Topic 4 Intellectual, cultural and artistic developments

- 19. Analyse the importance of the Dome of the Rock in Jerusalem in medieval Islamic thought.
- **20.** To what extent were the works of al-Ma'arri (973–1057) shaped by political events and literary movements?
- **21.** Analyse the results of the twelfth century renaissance.
- 22. Why did interest in science and medicine increase in medieval Europe and/or the Islamic world?
- 23. What were the reasons for, and results of, improvements in cartography in the Islamic world?
- **24.** Assess the influence of religious buildings on the art and sculpture of medieval Europe.

2213-5302 **Turn over**

Topic 5 Religion and the state

- **25.** Why did the Church treat heresy and heretics so severely?
- **26.** Examine the influence of **either** Bernard of Clairvaux **or** Pope Gregory VII on the medieval Church.
- **27.** Analyse how the historical origins and development of the Zaydis (al-Zaydiyya) are distinctive from Sunni forms of Islam.
- **28.** To what extent were the Sufi Orders beyond the control of medieval Muslim states?
- **29.** Explain the principal reasons for the conflict between medieval rulers and the Church.
- **30.** Why were Muslim rulers often in conflict with Muslim jurists?